Applications

The PG-PL Governor is widely used for controlling speed for all types of diesel or gas engines and steam turbines, driving pumps and compressors.

Standard Features

An internal oil pump, relief-valve, and accumulator system controls governor operating pressure. A self-contained sump stores oil and reduces contamination from outside sources.

Oil flow to and from the governor cylinder assembly is controlled by a centrifugal flyweight-head and pilot-valve assembly. A power cylinder (servomotor) positions the fuel racks, fuel valve, or steam valve of the engine or turbine.

A pneumatic (direct or reverse) operated bellows-type mechanism sets governor speed. A knob on the governor provides a means of manual speed adjustment. Governor stability is provided by an adjustable needle valve and spring-loaded buffer compensation system.

Optional Features

An oil cooler is recommended when governor oil temperature exceeds 99 °C (210 °F) or governor drive shaft speed exceeds 1200 rpm on diesel or gas engines, or 1100 rpm on steam turbines.

Air, oil, or water shutdown devices, either high or low pressure, are available for engine protection. An energize or de-energize solenoid shutdown device is also available.

For quick starts, a booster servomotor is available to supply immediate oil pressure to the governor. This conserves engine starting air.

Preloaded buffer springs are available for governors used on gas engines and on some engines driving reciprocating pumps.

Various base and power cylinder assemblies are available to conform to engine or turbine manufacturer’s specifications.

Power servos may be mounted integrally on the governor with the terminal shaft in either the 3, 6, 9, or 12 o’clock positions. Power servos also may be mounted remotely from the governor. However, rotary power servos mount vertically only.
Specifications

Speed Setting

- Manual: Control knob on governor
- Pneumatic: Direct or reverse. With 21 kPa (3 psi) minimum and 690 kPa (100 psi) maximum control air pressure. Ratio of max. to min. air control signal pressure must be greater than 2.5 to 1, but less than 10 to 1. Typical pneumatic ranges are 21 to 103 kPa (3 to 15 psi) and 69 to 414 kPa (10 to 60 psi). 0.25 inch (6.4 mm) SAE air connection.

Bellows Selections (for pneumatic speed setting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bellows</th>
<th>400 mm² (0.62 in²)</th>
<th>194 mm² (0.3 in²)</th>
<th>77 mm² (0.12 in²)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max signal pressure</td>
<td>138 kPa (20 psig)</td>
<td>138 to 345 kPa (20 to 50 psig)</td>
<td>345 to 827 kPa (50 to 120 psig)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min signal pressure</td>
<td>21 kPa (3 psig)</td>
<td>48 kPa (7 psig)</td>
<td>69 kPa (10 psig)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Governor Drive

- Input Shaft: Keyed or 1.125” - 48 serrated.
- Recommended Speed Range: 250 rpm minimum to 1000 rpm maximum. Speeds in excess of 1000 rpm are available but require single direction rotation. Oil coolers may also be required. Please consult Woodward.
- Maximum Speed Range: The absolute minimum speed is 200 rpm. The absolute maximum speed is 1600 rpm.
- Power Requirement: Drive power for different types of PG governors will vary depending upon speed, internal pump pressure, pump volumetric displacement, pump efficiency, and oil viscosity. Contact Woodward if further information is required.
- Rotation: Fixed clockwise, fixed counterclockwise, or reversible

Output

- Power Cylinder Type and Travel: Linear with 1-inch (25 mm) maximum travel or rotary with 30 degrees maximum travel. When making connection to engine or turbine linkage, use 2/3 of the available governor terminal shaft travel between no load and full load. Split overtravel at each end so that the governor can shut down the prime mover and also give maximum fuel when required.

Maximum (stalled) Work Capacity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Governor Operating Oil Pressure Servo</th>
<th>Work Capacities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16 J (12 ft-lb) Servo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>690 kPa (100 psi) (std.)</td>
<td>16 J (12 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1379 kPa (200 psi)</td>
<td>33 J (24 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Usable Work: Standard governors, 11 J (8 ft-lb) or 2/3 of maximum work

Pilot Valve

- Plunger Movement: Balanced between ballhead centrifugal force and speeder-spring force
- Bushing: Rotated integrally with governor drive shaft
- Porting: 4 round or 3 slotted

Control Characteristics

- Steady State Speed Band: ±0.25% of rated speed (under normal operating conditions)
- Ballhead Assemblies: Solid or spring driven oil damped
- Operating Temperature: Continuous operating temperature is 60 to 93 °C (140 to 200 °F). Consult Woodward beyond these limits. Hydraulic pour point must be below lowest expected starting temperature.

Hydraulic System

- Oil: SAE 10 to 50 oil depending on temperature
- Viscosity: 100 to 300 SUS under normal operating conditions
- Self-Contained Sump Capacity: Approximately 1.4 L (1.5 qt)
- Relief Valves: 690 to 1379 kPa (100 to 200 psi)
- Operating Pressure: 690 kPa (100 psi) normal, 1379 kPa (200 psi) optional
Construction

Weight: Approximately 36 kg (80 lb)
Case and Base: Cast iron
Column: Cast aluminum

Mounting

Configuration: Vertical

References

Manual: 36694, PG-PL Governors

PG-PL Governor Outline Drawing
(shown with 12 ft-lb linear servo/horizontal)
(Do not use for construction)
12 Ft-lb Spring Loaded Rotary Power Servo

29/58 ft-lb Differential Power Servo (linear output)
(Do not use for construction)